

Aethelflaed

with audiobook!

and the

Rock Star

Upper-Intermediate / Advanced



Reading & Activities for English Learners

Jonathan Olliffe

Thank you for reading this story...

This book includes:

- Conversational English of the type that is used in everyday life.
- More than 100 footnotes explaining different words and expressions.
- Picture activities in the story, focusing on different aspects of vocabulary, grammar or functions.
- Extra exercises at the end of the story to teach grammatical structures, phrasal verbs and extending vocabulary.
- Extra articles focusing on aspects related to the story.
- A link to an audio file to listen to the whole tale.

Above all, I have tried to write a story which is entertaining as well as educational. I hope that you enjoy it!

Finally, if you have any question related to this book, or to English in general, please do not hesitate to write to me on the following web page:

[Profesor Nativo Gratis – Ask!](#)

Links

- For the AUDIOBOOK, go to:



- For the ANSWERS to the exercises:



- For all the activities ONLINE:



Aethelflaed and the Rock Star

Table of Contents

The Story:

Chapter 1: The Plan.....	4
Chapter 2: Café de los Amigos.....	12
Chapter 3: The Rock Star.....	20
Chapter 4: Living with Moonzip.....	30
Chapter 5: Three Letters and Two Goodbyes.....	42

Exercises, Explanation and Articles:

Understanding Language.....	53
Understanding Language (2): In Depth.....	57
Vocabulary Builder 1: Words.....	59
Vocab Builder 2: Phrases & Phrasal Verbs.....	61

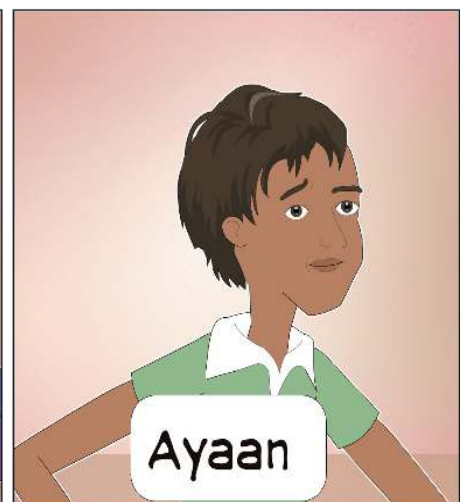
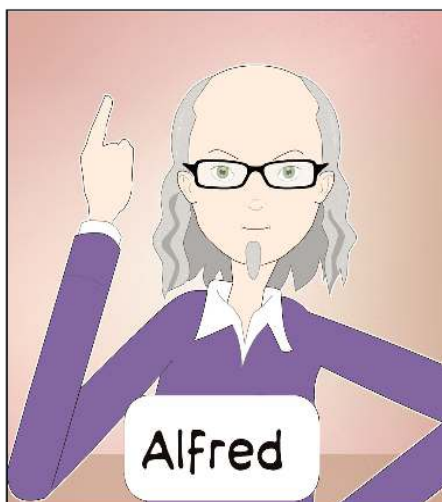
Extra Articles:

Article: A Change is Gonna Come.....	63
Article: Canterbury. A Rose in the Garden of England.....	70

Aethelflaed and the Rock Star

Characters

by Prof.NativoGratis



Chapter 1: The Plan

It was past Davingstock, on the edge of the marshes, when the idea finally took hold.

Aethelflaed had got¹ up early to take Heidi for a walk. Although it was July, it was still a bit chilly after the night's downpour. In the last few days the weather had been changeable. After being overcast and drizzly, bright spells had given way to patchy showers. This morning it was clear and the warm weather was on its way again.

Aethelflaed hadn't slept well. For some days now she had been feeling stuck. All around her, she saw her friends getting on with their lives, while she was wasting her time. But now, as she watched the river flow past, a rough draft² of a plan she had had for a long time came together in her mind.

By the time she turned away from the water, she was walking with firmer steps towards Davingstock. "Let's pop in³ to see Natalia, Heidi." she told her dog, who was running along the riverbank "She might give you something to eat, if you mind your manners."

Sure enough, Heidi was eating some leftovers from Natalia's parents' restaurant less than half an hour later. Natalia was one of Aethelflaed's inseparable friends; the daughter of a Brazilian father and Spanish mother who had met in London. They set up a restaurant in Canterbury, just after Natalia was born.

"I need your help, Nat." Aethelflaed explained "I'm getting fed up with doing nothing. It's been a year now since we left school. You and Samantha and the rest are all studying, and I feel like I'm being left behind."

"But what are you thinking of doing, Ethel? You hate studying. You've always said so." Natalia gave her friend a cup of tea.

"I'm no good studying, you know that. It takes me ages to read anything. I wasn't thinking of that. Can you hand⁴ me the sugar?" She added three teaspoonfuls. "Dad always tells me to focus on what I like and what I'm interested in."

"And what's that? Animals?"

"Music! I'm going to try to get into The Canterbury School of Performing Arts."

"The CSPA! Are you sure, Ethel? How are you going to do that?"

1 'Gotten' does not exist in British English. It is an Americanism.

2 Before starting a project or a book, you write a 'rough draft' which can be adapted or corrected = Borrador

3 To 'pop in' or 'pop around' to see somebody is to visit someone quickly and without being planned.

4 Hand = Give (conversational) = Dar

Weather Vocabulary

by Prof.NativoGratis



T	H	H	E	B	O	I	L	I	N	G	L
G	U	S	T	W	O	H	R	D	C	T	I
O	M	O	D	D	M	E	A	S	H	C	G
R	I	V	I	F	O	U	B	I	I	S	H
E	D	E	W	L	T	W	G	B	L	L	T
L	E	R	A	O	K	H	N	G	L	E	N
W	E	C	A	O	T	H	U	P	Y	E	I
E	T	A	R	D	I	S	G	N	O	T	N
L	H	S	O	O	M	Y	A	N	D	U	G
P	A	T	C	H	Y	S	H	O	W	E	R
D	W	D	D	R	I	Z	Z	L	E	R	R
E	A	F	O	R	E	C	A	S	T	R	Y

Activity 1: Find these weather-related words in the wordsearch. When you cross out all the words, you will be able to read a hidden message:

- | | |
|---|-------------------------|
| 1. The sound of a storm = | _ H _ _ _ R |
| 2. Very soft rain = | D _ _ _ _ E |
| 3. Very intense rain = | D _ _ P _ _ _ |
| 4. When the sky is covered by cloud = | _ V _ _ _ _ T |
| 5. Frozen rain, like small stones = | _ A _ _ |
| 6. Synonym of 'cold' = | _ _ _ L L _ |
| 7. A scientific prediction of the weather = | _ _ R E C _ _ _ |
| 8. At the end of winter, when snow melts = | _ _ A W |
| 9. (2 words) Hot, sticky, sweaty weather = | _ _ _ I D and _ _ G G _ |
| 10. Sudden strong blow of wind = | G _ _ _ |
| 11. Mix of rain and snow = | _ _ E E _ |
| 12. When the ground is wet in the early morning = | _ _ W |
| 13. Short period of rain in spring or summer = | P _ _ _ _ S _ _ _ _ |
| 14. Very hot = | _ _ _ _ _ N G |
| 15. Sudden flash of light during storms = | _ _ _ _ _ N G |
| 16. Excess of water, rivers breaking banks = | _ L _ _ D |

“Thanks a lot for the encouragement, Natalia!” Aethelflaed exclaimed “I’ll just give up the idea and go back to doing nothing, shall I?”

“Don’t get all grumpy on me, Ethel! I didn’t mean that. You know I’m your biggest fan. You’re an amazing singer, you play the piano, the guitar...I know all that, but if you get through the auditions, how on earth would you pay for it⁵. Do you know how much they charge?”

Aethelflaed sighed and nodded “I know – it’s over a grand⁶ each term. Dad has told me he’d help me, but he can’t afford that much. I’m going to earn the money myself, even if it means getting two or three jobs over the summer.”

5 This sentence combines elements of the first and second conditionals: See the 'Understanding Language' section after the story.

6 Grand = One thousand (pounds) = Mil libras / dolares / euros

“And you’ve come to say goodbye until autumn?”

“I’ve come to ask you for a favour. The other day you said your parents were looking for waiting staff over the summer. Can you tell them I’m interested in working for them?”

“You’ve never served tables, have you?”

“So I need the experience. It can’t be hard, can it?”

“It’s not as simple as it looks, Ethel. I trust you, but you’ve got to be quick and you’ve got to remember four or five orders at the same time.”

“Natalia! Are you calling me a moron⁷? Everybody around here thinks I’m dumb, but I thought you knew differently!”

“Keep your hair on⁸, Aethelflaed. I’ll ask them for you, and if you’re lucky you’ll find out yourself. You should look around for something else though, because you’re not going to get rich waiting on tables. People are stingy⁹ with their tips nowadays.”

“Yeah. I’ll have a word with Samantha too. She might know about something. What are you up to now?”

“I’m going to work in a couple of hours, but I’m meeting up with Ayaan first.”

“Well, I’m taking Heidi back home, and then I’m off to see Samantha. Say hi to Ayaan for me. I haven’t seen him for ages. And let me know what your parents say!”

Ayaan was Natalia’s latest¹⁰ boyfriend, an amateur lifeguard and Davingstock’s best footballer. Samantha and Aethelflaed liked to tease Natalia about the type of Indian/Spanish/Brazilian restaurant they could open together, with picanha masala and chorizo samosas¹¹.

*

*

*

After dropping Heidi off home and feeding her animals - her three-legged cat Squeaky, and Budgie the parrot - Aethelflaed set off for Samantha’s house.

Most people have no clear idea about their purpose in life. In Samantha’s case it was obvious that she had been placed on the earth to get people’s backs up¹². Impossibly beautiful, beautifully rich, her life was strewn with roses and A-grades, surrounded by her nauseatingly perfect family. This type of person was usually enough to make

7 Moron = Idiot, Twit, Duncie (noun) = Idiota

8 Keep your hair on (colloquial) = Relax, don't get stressed, calm down... = No te estreses

9 Stingy = Mean, Tight, Unwilling to spend money = Tacaño

10 Last vs. Latest: See 'Understanding Language' section after the story.

11 Picanha = Brazilian beef dish Masala = Indian spice mix Chorizo = Spanish pork sausage Samosa = Indian savoury pastry.

12 When a cat is angry it raises its back. When you annoy people you 'get their backs up' = Molestar

Aethelflaed throw up¹³, but it so happened that Samantha was also the perfect friend, so she had to make an exception.

Samantha's parents were among the most successful and wealthiest people in Davingstock, and spent their time shuttling¹⁴ between business meetings, cocktail parties and fund-raising events. Despite this, they were not stuck up, or at least not with Aethelflaed. She was sure to get lucky in her quest for a job.

University had broken up¹⁵ for the summer. Both Samantha and her brother Dean had passed all their exams effortlessly, and were looking forward to a long summer; cruising in the family boat, holidays by Lake Como, weekend shopping trips to Paris and nights out in London.

Aethelflaed checked her reflection in the glass doors before calling. Would Dean answer? He had gone to stay with some French friends in their villa near Saint Tropez, and Aethelflaed wasn't sure if he had got back yet.

The door opened. "Aethelflaed!" Samantha's mum ushered¹⁶ her in. "Speak of the devil! Come in – we were talking about you. We're just about to have a cup of tea. Would you like to join us?"

"Thank you, Mrs. Townsend. A tea would go down nicely. You're all here? Samantha and Dean, too?" asked Aethelflaed, as casually as she could manage.

Mrs. Townshend looked at her keenly¹⁷, with a half-smile on her lips. "Dean came back a couple of hours ago. He's just left his bags and popped out to see Ayaan." Ayaan was Dean's best friend.

"Ayaan? But I think Natalia's..."

"Ethel! You've come early." Samantha stood up to greet her friend as they walked into the kitchen "I've just woken up now, and I'm in a right state. You should have warned me!" It was a lie, of course; Samantha was as gorgeous as ever.

"You were talking about me? Don't believe what's being said – it wasn't me, I promise!"

"No!" They laughed. "We thought you might be interested in a little job, if you felt like earning a bit of money this summer."

"That's just what I'm here for! It sounds like we're on the same wavelength. Could I have some sugar with that?" She took the cup and saucer.

13 Throw up = Be sick, vomit = Devolver, vomitar

14 To shuttle = Move repeatedly between two points (like a shuttle bus between the airport and the car park) = Ir de ida y vuelta continuamente.

15 Break up = School finishes for holidays. 'When do you break up for Easter?' = Acabar clase para vacaciones

16 To usher = To welcome somebody into a place = Invitar a entrar

17 Keenly = With a lot of interest = Con mucho interés

Complete the saying with a word.

by Prof.NativoGratis



Complete the saying with an object from the picture.

Example: As white as SNOW

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. As good as | 7. As old as the |
| 2. As easy as | 8. As quick as |
| 3. As cool as a | 9. As cheap as |
| 4. As light as a | 10. As clear as a |
| 5. As daft as a | 11. As warm as |
| 6. As busy as a | 12. As tough as old |

"We were in London last night. Joe Cur invited us to his house with a few other people. He told us he's spending the summer in Davingstock, and he needs someone to look after his boy."

"Joe Cur? I see his daughters every time I open a mag, but that's the first time I've heard he had a son. Are you really close friends then?"

Joe Cur was Davingstock's only A-list, world famous celebrity. Some thirty years before, at the height of his fame, he had purchased and done up¹⁸ an abandoned monastery on Davingstock hill. Since then he had spent his time shuttling¹³ up and down from London with a series of wives, girlfriends, daughters, film stars and models, keeping the town's gossips' tongues wagging¹⁹.

"We've been working with Norman for some years now. Norman Smith's his real name, you know. Yes, you could say we're friends. Don't you remember he was going out with that really young American actress some years ago? For a while it looked like he was going to really settle down! Well, since they split up she's been taking care of the poor boy out in Beverley Hills, but she's started going out with that actor...what's his name? He's really famous."

"Brad Midas." Samantha interrupted.

"That's right, and I think Moonzip is getting in the way, so she's shipped him off to his Dad."

"The boy's name is Moonzip?" Aethelflaed sipped her tea.

"That's right. Poor darling. I think he's a bit of a handful. It's a bit too much for Norman really. He's getting on²⁰ a bit now, you know."

"And so he wants to offload the kid onto me? How much is he offering? I can't stand children, and I bet this one's a real brat²¹."

"Oh, I wouldn't worry about that! Whatever people say about Norman, nobody's ever accused him of being stingy⁸. I'll make a call and let you know what he says - if you're keen on the idea, that is." Samantha's mum picked up the phone and began to dial.

Norman? It sounded odd to hear one of the heaviest, hotel-smashing, wildest rock beasts with such an everyday name. Aethelflaed's younger brother Athelstan was a huge fan of Joe Cur and his band The Clown Killers. He spent hours locked away in his bedroom with the family parrot, both screaming and howling along with the noise. Aethelflaed couldn't stand it. She looked down on anyone who listened to music that

18 To do up = To restore, redecorate = Restaurar, mejorar un edificio

19 When a dog is happy it wags its tail. 'Wag' is a side-to-side movement = Menear

20 'Get on' has a general meaning of 'progress': 'How are you getting on in your new job?' In this case it means progressing in age = Progresar, hacerse mayor

21 A spoilt, badly behaved child with no manners = Mimado, maleducado.

wasn't soul, but she was outnumbered in her family. Even her father always spoke of Joe Cur admiringly, although it was for a completely different reason. Every year he made a donation to Davingstock's local cinema, enabling it to stay open, even though it ran at a loss.

"Are you on for²² tomorrow morning?" Mrs. Townshend had just hung up.

"To start work? Just like that?"

"Steady on! No – he wants you to go up there and have a look at you. You can ask him about the wages and check out Moonzip yourself."

"That's great Mrs. Townshend! I'm really grateful you know. That's exactly what I came here for, just to see if you knew of anything. I never expected this, though."

"That's not all, Ethel." Samantha was looking at her phone "Natalia's had a word with her parents. You're starting in the restaurant this afternoon. Good for you!"

When Aethelflaed left Samantha's house she was spinning through a wheel of emotions; She felt that her dream was one step closer, and yet.... She wasn't used to seeing the pieces of her life fall into place so simply. It was too easy - In one morning she had managed to find two jobs!

And yet there was a sense of foreboding²³. Somewhere in the back of her head she heard the voice of her English teacher, waving a copy of Shakespeare's *Macbeth*: "Remember! When the gods want to punish mortals, they give them what they most desire!"

Aethelflaed smiled because she had her own references. She cleared her throat, and began to sing some lines:

*"I look for a job both day and night
I can't find nothing that will suit me right
A little bit of labour – I'm not trying to shake
But everything I find seems too much like work."*

She turned and walked back home.

²² 'Are you on for...(Saturday/lunch/going to the beach)?' = Are you ready or willing for? = Estas dispuesto..?

²³ Foreboding = Premonition, a sensation that something bad is going to happen = Premonición

Chapter 2: Café de los Amigos

King Henry II would have held his tongue²⁴ if he had known what was going to happen when he publicly denounced Thomas Becket, the Archbishop of Canterbury.

“Who will rid me of this troublesome priest?” he supposedly spat out in 1170, enraged to see his authority undermined by the church. Becket had refused to crown his son King of England. Hearing these words, four knights slipped out and galloped down to Canterbury, seat of Thomas Becket, the head of the Church of England.

The rest is History. The four knights entered the cathedral and cut open Becket's skull, leaving him in a pool of blood on the floor of the Cathedral. The shock waves were felt across medieval Europe. The king himself had to do penance²⁵ at the scene of the murder, and from that day for centuries pilgrims flocked to Canterbury.

Canterbury has now been overrun by a modern form of pilgrim, known as the tourist. Just a couple of hours from London, it is small enough to visit in one day, yet charming enough to be etched²⁶ in memory forever.

From the station Aethelflaed had to walk through the park, under the city walls, and into the pedestrian centre, which was as always bustling with shoppers and sightseers. From the hill outside the city the cathedral can be clearly seen rising out of the city, dwarfing the houses around. Yet in the city itself it is hidden down narrow side streets. Aethelflaed ignored the ant-like procession of tourists and hurried straight down the whole length of the high street.

Most tourists stop at Westgate, either to stroll through the gardens or to take a Venetian-style punt²⁷ along the river. Others simply see the cars beyond the tower and turn back. A few are drawn to a garish²⁸ corner restaurant opposite the tower, painted in yellow, green and red. This was 'Café de los Amigos'. Aethelflaed made a mental note. It had taken her just over a quarter of an hour on foot, and fifteen minutes by train. Some days Natalia could give her a lift²⁹, but not always.

It was still early, and no more than a couple of tables were occupied. Natalia's mum was in the dining area, and came forward to greet her with a warm open smile. Her name was Nieves, 'Snows' in English, which Aethelflaed found quite strange. She wondered whether there were also people in Spain called 'Rains' or 'Cloudy'.

Although she had been living in England for a few decades, Nieves' accent was just as marked as it had been on the first day. She rasped her 'h's, rolled her 'r's, cleaned

24 Hold (or 'bite') your tongue = Be quiet, control your feelings and not say what you think = Morder la lengua

25 A punishment that you inflict on yourself to show repentance = penitencia

26 When you write or draw something in stone = grabar

27 Boat that is moved by pushing a pole into the riverbed = gondola

28 With lots of bright and conflicting colours = Chillon, estridente, colorido

29 If somebody 'gives you a lift', they take you somewhere in their car. 'Can you give me a lift to the station?'

her 'o's and painfully vocalised every consonant, vowel and syllable. It seemed as much of an effort for her to speak as it was for Aethelflaed to listen.

"Aethelflaed!" Nieves beamed. "If you go to the kitchen, Natalia is going to explain you that you must make³⁰."

"Thank you for this opportunity, Ms...Nieves." Aethelflaed never knew how to address Natalia's mother. Although Natalia swore her parents were married, they had different surnames. Was she Mrs. Oliveira or Ms. Castro? Her insistence on Aethelflaed using her first name was a godsend³¹, as it sorted out her dilemma.

"You know it's a trial, don't you Ethel?" said Natalia as she tied Aethelflaed's apron around her waist. "If you show them what you're made of in the next few days, they'll take you on. You have to prove you're worth it though."

"I'll show them and I'll show you, Nat. Breathe easy and tell me what I have to do."

"Tip one: you have to be quick but never stressed. The diners have to see that you've got everything under control."

"OK. Tip two?"

"You'll always get some twits who make your life difficult. That's what they come in for. They give you a huge list of instructions and complain about everything."

"So what do I do? Do I stick chilli powder in their drinks?"

"You put a curse³² on their food, and smile!"

"No problem. I can do that. What else?"

"Don't waste trips. You're going to be walking to and fro all evening. Look around and pick up plates on your way back. And make a mental check of every table you're serving. It's easy to forget one."

"Right. Is that it?"

"The most important thing is to make a note of all the orders as soon as you hear them, because then somebody else is going to ask you for something and you'll forget. Have a look at the menu and ask me any questions you have, 'cos there'll be things you need to explain to the diners. Things will start getting busy in half an hour."

Aethelflaed sat and looked at the menu.

30 Four very common mistakes with Spanish speakers. (1) With a conditional (If you go to...) you should use 'will', not 'going to' (2) Do not use an object with 'explain'. (3) Use 'what' not 'that' (4) There is a confusion between 'Make' and 'Do' – full exercise in 'Understanding Language'. The sentence should be: **'Natalia will explain what you must do.'**

31 Godsend = Something or someone which is perfect, a great help = Bendición, regalo del cielo

32 When you call on a supernatural power to do harm to someone = Maldecir

Café de los Amigos

~~Delicious~~ Spanish & Brazilian Cooking
Tasty

Starters

Cool Spanish Tomato Soup (*Gazpacho*)
Cold Meat Platter: Cured Ham (*Jamón*), Spicy Sausage (*Chorizo*)
Cod or Jamón Croquettes
Fried Squid Rings
Fried Shrimp, Onion and Bean Balls (*Acarajé*)
Brazilian Fried Chicken and Vegetable Tortillas (*Coxinha*)

Main Course

Brazilian Rice and Beans
Brazilian Bean Stew (*Feijoada*)
Rice with Seafood and Chicken (*Paella*)
Chickpea Stew with Spicy Chorizo (*Cocido*)
Boiled Octopus and Potatoes (*Pulpo*)

Side Dishes

Ration of Spanish Potato Omelette
French Fries
Mixed Salad
Bread rubbed with Olive Oil and Tomato

Desserts

Fried Milk with Cinnamon
Spanish Almond hard/soft Nougat (*Turrón*)
Coconut and Tapioca Pudding (*Cuscuz Branco*)
Sweet Sugar and Cinnamon Dumplings (*Bolinhas de Chuva*)

Drinks

Natural Mineral Water (Still / Sparkling)
Fizzy Drinks

Service not included

Example: ~~Tasty~~

1. Tips
2. Prawn
3. Shellfish
4. Beverages
5. Chips
6. Carbonated
7. Chilled
8. Soft
9. Cuisine
10. Hors D'oeuvre
11. Calamari
12. Pudding / Afters

Find the synonyms:

She was interrupted a few minutes later when the door opened, and she felt Natalia's hand on her shoulder. "Your first customers, Ethel. Go and get them, and remember to smile!"

Aethelflaed took a deep breath, held her hands together to keep them from trembling³³, and walked towards the door. "Good evening!" It was five o'clock, but 'evening' sounded better if they were going to have a meal. They were a young couple. It looked like a good start.

"Well, that didn't go too bad. I can handle this." Aethelflaed said to herself, heading back to the kitchen, having lead the customers to their table.

And so it seemed. The tables began to fill up slowly. Aethelflaed wrote down the orders in the notebook, picked up the dishes on her way to the kitchen, brought out the dishes and served the diners without any fuss. Natalia was buzzing³⁴ between the tables as her parents sweated over the pots and pans in the kitchen.

It was past seven o'clock already! Aethelflaed had had no time to think, let alone look at the clock. Another group arrived; Two families together, with children. Aethelflaed joined two tables together, and asked them what they would like to drink.

"A coke!" shouted a boy. He looked spoilt²¹ and sounded bad-mannered "I want a coke!"

"You've had enough soft drinks for today" his mother said timidly. "Bring him a water."

"No! I need a coke!" The boy screwed up his face "A coca-cola!" There were two other children at the table, looking at the boy open-mouthed. They must be the other couple's children, reckoned Aethelflaed.

"That's enough, Daniel" The father spoke out "No more coke. We'll all have water, please."

"Coke! I want Coke! Give me COKE!!!" he screamed, and suddenly a knife hit Aethelflaed in the stomach. As Aethelflaed stooped down to pick it up a glass hit her on the shoulder and smashed on the floor just next to her hand.

"Be careful Daniel!" his mum took out her serviette to clean the boy's face "You'll hurt yourself". 'What is this?' thought Aethelflaed, rubbing her shoulder.

The mother turned towards the other family. "He's overexcited, poor thing. It's been a very long and tiring day." She completely ignored the waitress beside her, which was just as well, because Aethelflaed was glaring³⁵ at her darling child.

33 You tremble when you are cold or scared = temblar. See 'Understanding Language'.

34 'Buzz' is the noise that insects make. If you say a place was 'buzzing' it means it is very lively. Here it means that she was very busy, like a bee moving between the flowers = Vibrante, animado

35 Look at somebody in a very bad way = Mirar para matar

The boy noticed Aethelflaed staring at him and stared back with a thin little grin³⁶ on his lips. She sent him a message with her eyes 'Do you think you're going to get your coke, you spoilt little brat²⁰?' before clearing her throat. "I'm afraid we've run out of coke. Would you like a large bottle of water?"

"Perfect! You see, Daniel? There's no coke anyway. We'll get you some coke later when we leave, so don't worry." The mother was stroking her son's face. He was red-faced and on the verge of tears.

"Patience, Ethel!" hissed³⁷ Natalia, as Aethelflaed went for the dustpan and brush "Remember the curse."

"Tutankhamun- look and learn!" Aethelflaed intoned grimly, grabbing the brush and returning to the table. "I want my coke!" Daniel was repeating over and over, but now everybody was ignoring him, though his mother was holding his hand. She did not look at Aethelflaed.

"OK. First crisis dealt with" Natalia whispered to her friend when they crossed in the kitchen "You're doing well, Aethelflaed. Go and get these ones. That'll take your mind off it." Another couple had come into the restaurant.

Aethelflaed was already beginning to mark the newcomers on a mental register. These ones looked harmless: Foreign. Mediterranean, maybe? Approaching retirement age. Chance of tips? No surprises like throwing cutlery onto the floor, that was for sure. Aethelflaed gave them a wide smile.

"We are two!" the man declared. Aethelflaed blinked. They are two? They looked more like seventy³⁸. It took her a few seconds to adjust. The couple frowned³⁹ at her suspiciously.

"Of course - A table for two. Follow me." She took them to a table beside the window. These people had tips, if she mined them. "May⁴⁰ I take your jackets?" She handed them the menus, took their drinks orders and left them.

The restaurant was buzzing. Aethelflaed began to feel the pressure. "Damn – the cheesecake!" "No onion in the salad for the lady." "Order for table 7. Which one is table 7?" Aethelflaed couldn't believe that Natalia was serving twice the number of tables as she was without breaking sweat.

36 A smile with closed teeth. A grin is not necessarily friendly = Sonreir con mueca.

37 Hiss (noun/verb) = The noise a snake makes: 'sssss'. Here it means a strong or fierce whisper = Sisear.

38 Common mistake with Spanish speakers. 'We are two' refers to age, in the same way as 'I am 63 (years old)'. The correct sentence would be 'There are two of us.'

39 A movement of the forehead which produces lines between your eyes = Fruncir el ceño

40 Notice 'May' as a more formal version of 'Can I...?' or 'Could I...?'

Put this conversation in order:

by Prof.NativoGratis

1. They're both very similar – Minced meat, mushrooms and onions in a gravy and tomato sauce, topped with mashed potato and grated cheese. The difference is that the meat in cottage pie is beef, and in shepherd's pie it's lamb.
2. No, I think we're ready. Could we ask you a few questions?
3. Of course. Follow me please.
4. In that case I'll have shepherd's pie. Thank you!
5. (Later) Would you like to order? Do you need more time to decide?
6. I'm afraid we haven't.
7. Of course – Fire away!
8. Just a bottle of still mineral water at the moment, thank you.
9. Good evening – Have you made a reservation?
10. Just the two of us.
11. Excuse me. We'd rather have a table with a view, if you don't mind.
12. No problem, madam. How many of you are there?
13. What's the difference between shepherd's pie and cottage pie?
14. Not at all. Here's the menu. Would you like anything to drink, meanwhile?



MADE AT PIXTON.COM

The foreign couple called her over. The man waved at the bread basket in front of him. "*Burro!*" he said "We need.....I don't know...*burro*⁴¹!"

"A knife, sir? Water? A napkin⁴²?"

"Napkin?"

"It's like a serviette, made of cloth. You use it to clean your mouth." She explained helpfully.

"*Tovagliolo* no. Food." He made a gesture of feeding himself. "To eat. *Bu-rrro!*" The man tapped the table with each syllable.

"No problem, sir. One moment, please." Aethelflaed cornered⁴³ Natalia. "Natalia. I think these people are Spanish. What does '*burro*' mean?"

Natalia was carrying four plates full of food. "*Burro?! That's 'donkey' in Spanish. Are you sure that's what you heard?*"

"He's calling me a donkey?"

"I don't think so. You're a girl, so you're a *burra*, not a *burro*." She laughed as she swept past.

Donkey? Aethelflaed had heard of horse meat in the old days, but donkey? Foreigners eat all sorts of things, she thought. Much better to stick⁴⁴ to British food.

The couple looked at her as she approached. "Donkey!" she said, "But I'm afraid we don't have any, sir." she said, as sadly as she could.

The lady looked startled⁴⁵. The man spread his hands open. "*Burro?*" he asked.

"Donkey, sir. No, it's not possible I'm afraid. We don't serve donkey."

"You don't serve donkey?" he repeated. The man looked across at the lady. Her face looked like thunder. "*Non servono asini!*⁴⁶" she replied furiously. Aethelflaed began to realise that something had gone wrong.

"*Asini!!*" the man had turned crimson⁴⁷. "You insult me because my English is bad?? You...." The man stopped speaking, but his mouth kept moving, like a badly-dubbed movie. The woman was taking her bag and jacket, and talking to the man in Italian.

41 In Italian 'BURRO' means 'BUTTER'. In Spanish it means 'DONKEY'.

42 Napkin = Serviette = Servilleta

43 Notice how 'corner' is used as a verb = to trap somebody in a corner = Pillar, atrapar, arrinconar

44 Here: Stay with, Continue with. Full explanation of 'stick' at the back of the book: 'Understanding Language'.

45 Startled = A mixture of surprised and afraid – similar to but softer than 'shocked' = Soplendido

46 In Italian: 'They don't serve donkeys'.

47 Bright red = Carmin

“No please; there’s been a misunderstanding! Please don’t go!! I didn’t mean...”
Aethelflaed pleaded, holding her hands together.

But it was too late. Not another word was exchanged. The couple marched out of the restaurant wordlessly, noses lifted, and Aethelflaed felt a sudden silence descend on the restaurant as the door closed. Natalia was shaking her head. Nieves was looking out from the bar. The whole restaurant was staring. Aethelflaed willed⁴⁸ her cheeks to cool down. She was sweating.

She started filling her tray with cutlery⁴⁹ and glasses from the table. She hardly knew what she was doing but it worked. Whispers turned to chatter⁵⁰, and it sounded like the volume was being turned up again. Aethelflaed breathed out and felt the heat leave her face. She turned with the tray and began to walk across to the kitchen.

With no warning whatsoever, she suddenly felt her right foot hook onto something. In slow motion she saw her tray fly away from her, smashing against the floor with an explosion of steel and glass. Aethelflaed felt herself land face-first on the tiles⁵¹ less than a second later. When the noise finally stopped rebounding across the walls, the restaurant fell quiet for a second time.

Aethelflaed would have liked to stay that way, with her face against the floor until closing time. But she heard Natalia's and her mother's footsteps, and summoning⁵² all her courage she lifted her head to look back over her shoulder.

She knew exactly what she was going to see. A whole chorus of eyes was aimed at her, but Aethelflaed focused on just one boy. Cradled tightly by his mother, who was frowning in disapproval, Daniel was grinning maliciously at the girl below.

48 'Will' = Voluntad. 'To will' as a verb means 'to want' = desear, imponer la voluntad

49 Cutlery = Knives, forks, spoons, etc. = Cubertería

50 The noise of many people talking = Parloteo, parlotear

51 Square or rectangular pieces used for floors, bathroom walls or roofs. It can be made of different materials.

52 To call = llamar, convocar

Chapter 3: The Rock Star

*39 páginas +
8 actividades
más tarde....*

"I
a
d
g
"E
h
h
"A
u
"E
k
e
a
"T
it
N
a
"P
D
A
p
y
N
b
A

fford
ad
rat²⁰
er
so
at
than
can't
r.
let
Don't

Understanding Language

• Lay vs. Lie

This is quite confusing, so first of all we have to make clear that we are not referring to the regular verb 'to lie' (not to tell the truth: *Lie – Lied – Lied - Lying*) but to the irregular verb 'TO LIE' (*Lie – Lay – Lain - Lying*) which is far more similar in meaning to 'TO LAY' (*Lay – Laid – Laid - Laying*).

Let's look at some examples from the story:

(note 116) 'Squeaky was **laid** in his basket, and now he enjoyed every time he **lay** out in the garden.' The first word is from the verb 'LAY' and the second from 'LIE'.

So what's the difference between 'LAY' and 'LIE'? Look at these other examples, identify the verb and try to see the difference of meaning.

Moonzip spent all his time **lying** on Aethon.

"**Lay** a finger on me, and he's done for."

Joe Cur **lay** down on his deckchair and closed his eyes.

"She remembered her dad **laying** down on the sofa."

_____ means 'to put something down'.

_____ means 'to be in a horizontal position'.

Now complete these sentences with the correct form of the verb.

1. "Have you _____ the table, Stella?"
2. Since Squeaky was _____ in his basket, he was safe.
3. "Moonzip! You told me Heidi was _____ on the sofa."
4. Alfred is _____ on the sofa. He feels comfortable.

• Tremble vs. Shiver vs. Shudder vs. Shake

These four words are very similar but not identical. In all three cases the body (or a part of it) 'vibrates' but for different reasons. Let's have a look:

1. (note 31) In the restaurant, as Aethelflaed went up to welcome her first diners, she held her hands together to keep them from **trembling**. Later, when the Italians walked out of the restaurant, she was **shaking** her head.
2. (note 52) Aethelflaed remembered the night and **shuddered**.
3. (note 94) Aethelflaed noticed the man was **shaking**. He was crying.
4. (note 128) After being in the rain for hours, although it was a bright sunny day.

Which of the three match these?

1. _____ implies nervous.
2. _____ implies cold.
3. _____ is when you move or person's body (their hand, for example) is shaking. You can also use it to replace tremble, 'He was _____ with fear'.
4. _____ very short body, 'He was _____ must, when you see a snake or spider, for example'.

• Uses of 'STICK'

This word is very common in English (as a verb) 'to glue something', but it is difficult for many more meanings and uses. Let's look at some examples.

1. At the beginning of the story, the man was **stuck** in the mud.
2. When people say it's hurt, they say it's **stuck** and **sticky**.
3. Although Samantha's parents didn't **stick up**.
4. In the restaurant Aethelflaed found a **stick** of pepper in the food.
5. When the Italians ordered, they **stuck** to English food.
6. Aethelflaed told her brother to **stick** around.
7. Aethelflaed **stuck** her face to the ground.
8. She **stuck** to Sam Cook's advice, 'Donna Come'.
9. Hops are a type of leafy **stick**.

Wh

a) A

Nu

b) I

Nu

c) A

Nu

d) I

just

Nu

e) C

son

Nu

f) S

Nu

• Last vs. The Last vs. The Latest

In many languages these two words are used interchangeably, but you need to make a mistake here. Fortunately,

'Last' week is the week that has just ended (if you are in August) 'Last year' (2019)

The plural of last is **'The last few'** weeks, months or three weeks.

'The last' week is the last week of the year. December is the last month of the year.

- 'Have you been on holiday?'
- 'Yes, we went to Cornwall **last** week.'
- 'No, not yet. We have to wait until next year. We need a holiday desperately. **The last** few weeks have been so stressful!'

There is also another confusion: 'The latest' in many languages, yet means something different. 'The latest' means 'the most recent', and is often used to talk about the latest news, the latest fashion..

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are illiterate has increased from 1.2 billion to 1.5 billion. The number of illiterate people in the world is expected to reach 1.7 billion by the year 2015. The number of illiterate people in the world is expected to reach 1.7 billion by the year 2015. The number of illiterate people in the world is expected to reach 1.7 billion by the year 2015.

- the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are illiterate has increased from 1.2 billion to 1.5 billion. The number of illiterate people in the world is expected to reach 1.7 billion by the year 2015. The number of illiterate people in the world is expected to reach 1.7 billion by the year 2015. The number of illiterate people in the world is expected to reach 1.7 billion by the year 2015.

- **'Settle'**

Basically, 'to settle' means 'to establish'. There are many uses. We've already seen in the context of 'settlement' (the 'settlement of the land') about the Vikings that settled in North America. This is the classical use of the word, but let's look at

settle down with Moonzip's mum.

I settled on his side.

but Moonzip and then had to change it.

e armchair.

ke *Me to the River*' for the first audition.

Davingstock. He didn't miss Beverly Hills.

job, for example)

a family, regular job....

• Informal/Colloquial English

Let's start with the forms that are not usually taught in class. I would not advise you to use it, but you should understand it:

I ain't

You ain't

S/He or It ain't

We ain't

They ain't

'In conclusion

Let's look at the forms that you should not use (I recommend you to use the correct forms):

"You **gotta** be there"

"**Lemme** buy this shirt"

"**Gimme** a pen"

"I **wanna** star"

Aethelflaed said

Moonzip thought

"Heidi! I want to be a star"

"**Wassap** girl?"

"**Watcha** gonna do?"

It is also very common to use the following words. These are not usual in formal English:

You

Do you....?

Get you or Get you?

Don't you...?

Could have (done)

Rewrite these sentences using the correct form:

1. "I'm not gonna do that"

is not usually taught in class. I would not advise you to use it, but you should understand it:

tense.

er you did not use (I recommend you to use the correct forms):

= have got to/a

= Let me

= Give me

= want to/a

= going to

= kind of

= out of

= What's up?

at are you..?

al words. These are not usual in formal English:

OTCHA

CANCHA

r COULDA

2.
3.
4.
5.

• Confusing Conditionals

Very few people drive in the same way as they were taught when they started learning. That doesn't (always) mean to say that they drive worse – just that they have adapted the theory to everyday life.

It's the same with speaking a language. Many of the things that we teachers tell you are grammar rules are more flexible than we admit in class. So why are we telling you lies? Basically, because it's far easier to give you a framework, but when you reach a certain level it is important to realise that a living language does not fit in a corset, and I am now going to give you a very good example:

(Not pay for it?)
This is the theory and
discovery

1st Conditional
2nd Conditional
So we have the 1st or 2nd
Conditional
comparative
Natalie is perfectly
possible (Conditional), but
sees it as 'Real English'.
This is 'Real English'.

Understanding Language (2): In Depth

• Make or Do?

These phrases with _____ remember.
There are no clear _____

- When you are _____ a job, do something with _____
- All the house _____
- 'Make' has a _____ information:
Make a cake _____
- You also 'make' _____ or
ordering them _____

1. _____ an ex _____
2. _____ a (ph _____
3. _____ a don _____ a letter
4. _____ the di _____ better
5. _____ excus _____
6. _____ the ch _____
7. _____ dama _____
8. _____ a dec _____ something
9. _____ promi _____ row up
10. _____ a dea _____
11. _____ a ges _____
12. _____ your _____ (bring her)
13. _____ the la _____
14. _____ sure _____
15. _____ your s _____

• Prepositions

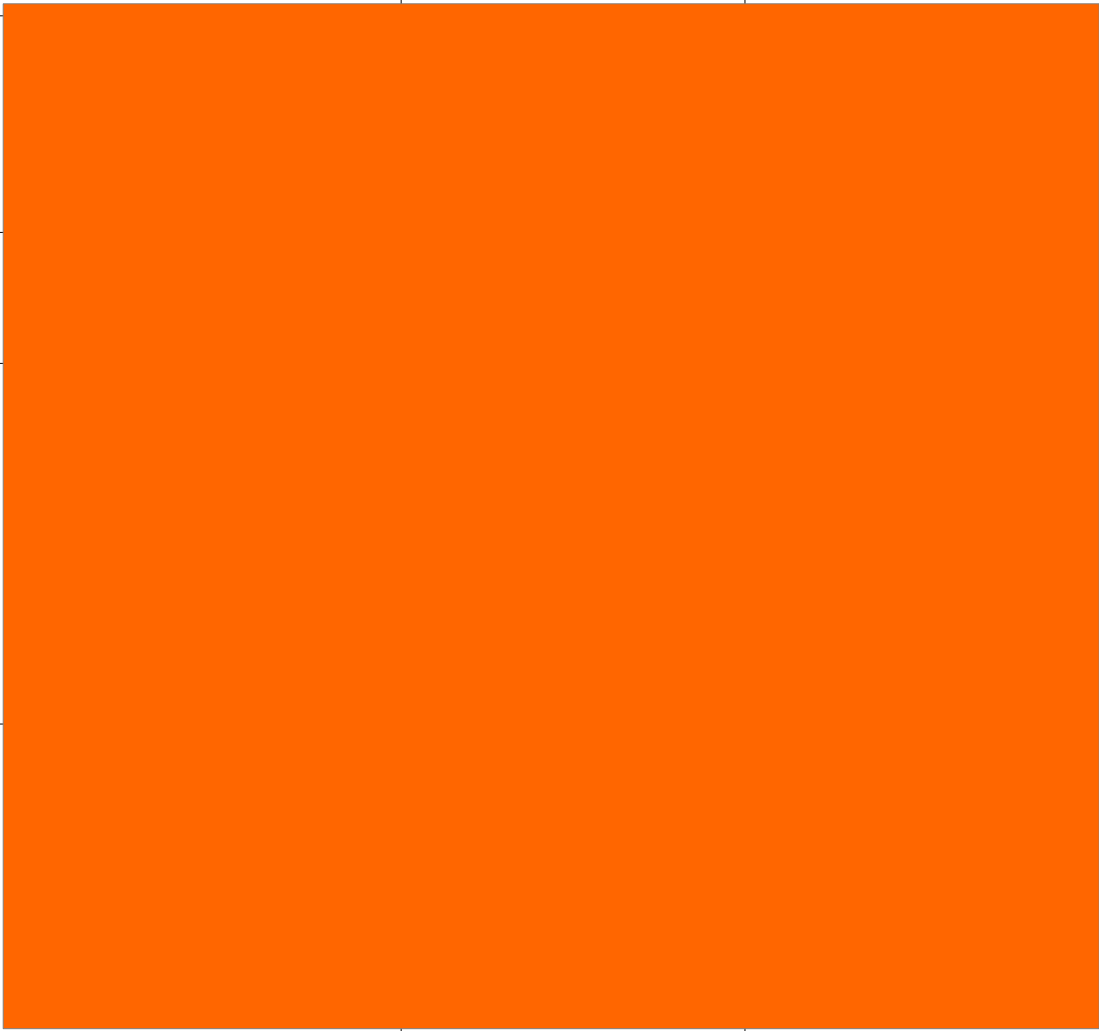
It doesn't matter what level a student has, this is always something that causes problems, even among the most advanced students. This is because there is no easy way to know which preposition to use because there is rarely any logic or a rule you can apply. In these cases there is only one solution: Practice!

These all appear in the story. If you've been paying attention, it should be easy, but careful – **in some cases no preposition is needed!**

1. To focus (or concentrate) _____ something	
2. To be interested _____ something	
3. To accuse _____	
4. To glare _____	
5. To call _____	
6. Something _____	
7. To depend _____	
8. To throw _____	
9. Something _____	
10. To disappear _____	
11. Be grateful _____	
12. Waste (time/money) _____	
13. Aethelflaed _____	
14. To be kept _____	
15. To pay _____	
16. To pay _____	
17. To trust _____	
18. To be _____ your/one side	
19. Feel sorry _____ somebody	
20. Have your leg cut _____ by a train	

• Informal, Formal Letter Writing and emails.

All writing in general – and specifically, correspondance – depends the audience you are writing to. It is very important to strike the right tone. Let's have a look at the three letters Aethelflaed received, and see how they differ.

	Informal	Semi-formal	Formal
Audience			
Start			
Style of Language			
Ending			

For more information on how to write formal letters, go to:

profesornativogratiss.com/letter-writing/

Write 'F' (Formal), 'SF' (Semi-formal) or 'IF' (informal) next to the sentences below:

- Write to _____
- I look forward to _____
- I'd appreciate _____
- I am writing _____
- Just a quick _____
- I'd like to _____
- Love, Pe _____
- Yours fa _____
- Regards _____
- If you re _____ contact me.
- Let me k _____
- Drop me _____
- It's all do _____ w.
- I got my _____ er course.
- Having g _____ ss of
completi _____
- I enclose _____ ing industry.
- As you c _____ ng.
- I worked _____ remember?
- Hi Dave _____
- Dear Sir _____
- Dear Mr _____

Now put each section in order (1 - 7)

Choose the correct answer.

Dear _____

(1) _____ member, I'm writing to you _____ in Africa.

Since _____ literature and _____ in Sittingsham, Kent _____ rbury.

During _____ charitable work _____ organising schemes to support _____ applying my experience _____

I enclose _____ information, please _____ part of this project _____ required.

I am looking forward to hearing from you (2) _____

(10) _____

(Signature)

Daniel Higgins.

- | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. | a) I have seen | b) Having seen | c) I'm writing about |
| 2. | a) dated | b) of the date | c) of |
| 3. | a) in order to express | b) with regards to | c) about |
| 4. | a) as | b) like | c) such as |
| 5. | a) completing my degree at | b) finishing my degree in | c) graduating from |
| 6. | a) related to | b) related with | c) in connection with |
| 7. | a) more | b) further | c) another |
| 8. | a) I want to say again | b) I wish to reiterate | c) I'd like to repeat |
| 9. | a) at your earliest convenience | b) as soon as possible | c) in the near future |
| 10. | a) Regards, | b) Yours faithfully, | c) Yours sincerely, |

Vocabulary Builder 1: Words

Find a word from the list that fits the definition. Write the word in the space provided. Use the numbers 1-20 to label your answers.

Example: (CAST) 1. _____ S

2. _____ Y

3. _____ B

4. _____ S

5. _____ E

6. _____ Y

7. _____ E

8. _____ G

9. _____ D

10. _____ E

11. _____ E

12. _____ S

13. _____ E

14. _____ T

15. _____ S

16. _____ R

17. _____ D

18. _____ D

19. _____ Y

20. _____ Y

...n't happened = R_____D

H_____Y

G_____E

...d = S_____D

T_____T

... = U_____G

S_____S

C_____Y

S_____S

...e = R_____E

...own = N_____D

...udice = G_____G

...orable = N_____T

T_____Y

G_____B

...st = F_____K

...or ignorance = S_____G

...a present) = W_____P

S_____Y

...mental = M_____G

B_____G

...are upset = S_____Y

...cal 9 – 5:00 = S_____T

...atural power = S_____L

...is reversed = S_____K

Vocab Builder 2: Phrases & Phrasal Verbs

Complete the phrase, expression or phrasal verb in the sentences below. They all appear in the story, and are in order:

Example: Natalia's parents _____ up a restaurant many years ago = *SET*

1. Behave yourself in the restaurant, and _____ your manners.
2. Calm down! Keep your _____ on!
3. Dean set _____ early. He had to travel to a friend's villa in Saint Tropez.
4. We're _____ for homeless people.
5. I can't _____ arrogant!
6. Speak _____ she appeared!
7. I don't _____ rather relax.
8. Joe C _____ ingstock.
9. Mary _____ going out for years.
10. He's r _____ on now.
11. He thi _____ o isn't like him.
12. _____ s fast as that!
13. She's _____ her tongue?
14. My ca _____ he station?
15. If you _____ you on.
16. She w _____ chen and tables.
17. You're _____ or job and unwind.
18. Natali _____
19. It's a g _____ n not in the mood.
20. I don't _____ about?

21. I don't mind. It's _____ to you – You decide.

22. I don't want to waste time. I'd like to _____ to the point.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

32.

33.

34.

35.

36.

37.

38.

39.

40.

41.

42.

43.

44.

45.

out.

ed.

g you are.

her _____.

.

__ out.

od.

round.

ed their mind.

time with them.

__ out.

g her _____.

ter in a month.

ith Aethelflaed.

d them).

ou.

n their _____.

__ it down.

A Change is Gonna Come

When Barack Obama won the US Presidential Elections in 2008, he made a speech in his native Chicago which made a direct reference to Sam Cooke's classic song:

"It's been a long time coming, but tonight.." he declared "..change has come to America."

In that same speech Obama spoke at length of a 106-year-old female black activist, Ann Nixon Cooper: *"She was born just a generation past slavery...when someone like her couldn't vote for two reasons – because she was a woman and because of the colour of her skin...She was there for the buses in Montgomery, the hoses in Birmingham, a bridge in Selma and a preacher from Atlanta who told a people that We Shall Overcome"*

So when Obama and his wife Michelle danced to Etta James' *'At Last'* in the inauguration ball, it seemed to be the culmination of a period that started with the abolition of slavery in 1865. Jay-Z, the rapper husband of soul singer Beyoncé (who had just played the role of Etta James in the film *'Cadillac Records'*) expressed this same sentiment:

*"Rosa Parks sat so that Martin Luther could walk
Martin Luther walked so that Barack Obama could run (for president)
Barack Obama ran so all the children could fly..."*

Emmett Till



We will start the story of the Civil Rights movement in 1955, with the lynching⁵⁷ of a 14-year-old black American by the name of Emmett Till. His crime had been to talk to a white woman, the owner of a grocery store he had visited to buy some sweets. The woman's husband and his friends had taken Emmett Till from the store, throwing him in the river. One account of the lynching of Emmett Till:

*"Two men...
When a young boy... door...
Some men they dr... n up⁵⁸...
They tortured h... at...
The reason tha... o lie
Was just for th... .."*

Rosa Parks, Martin Luther King

In December of the same year, Rosa Parks refused to give up her seat to a white passenger on a bus. This act of defiance, inspired by the death of Emmett Till and the Civil Rights movement, was born.

The subsequent 385-day Montgomery Bus Boycott was led by minister by the name of Martin Luther King Jr. Rosa Parks was a woman of great hardship. Rosa Parks was a woman of great hardship. Rosa Parks was a woman of great hardship. Rosa Parks was a woman of great hardship. Rosa Parks was a woman of great hardship.

The 'hoses in Birmingham' were used during the Birmingham campaign that Martin Luther King Jr. led. The reaction of the local people was one of anger, and King, despite the opposition, and segregation was outlawed.

Civil Rights Movement

In December of the same year, Rosa Parks refused to give up her seat to a white passenger on a bus. This act of defiance, inspired by the death of Emmett Till and the Civil Rights movement, was born.

The subsequent 385-day Montgomery Bus Boycott was led by minister by the name of Martin Luther King Jr. Rosa Parks was a woman of great hardship. Rosa Parks was a woman of great hardship. Rosa Parks was a woman of great hardship. Rosa Parks was a woman of great hardship.

The 'hoses in Birmingham' were used during the Birmingham campaign that Martin Luther King Jr. led. The reaction of the local people was one of anger, and King, despite the opposition, and segregation was outlawed.

57 To lynch = when a group of people take the law into their own hands, attacking and killing an individual.

58 Beat (somebody) up = assault somebody physically

59 Hose(pipe) = the long rubber tube used by fireman and gardeners to spray water.

60 A backlash is when an event provokes a reaction against something in public opinion. 'The politician's speech attacking immigrants has provoked a backlash (support for immigrants) in the public.'



The
serie
In 19
in Se

Publ
esco
Mon
That
but t
the p
and

It wa
almo
was
Gan
Coo
think

ing against a
ck Americans.
sed a bridge

he protestors -
ved at
ng? *Not Long.*
movement,
that outlawed
e electoral lists

ed, and was
movement. It
es was 'Chain

Wind' and

61 A milestone marks the distance travelled on a road. It is often used metaphorically: 'The milestone in his career' meaning an important point along the way.

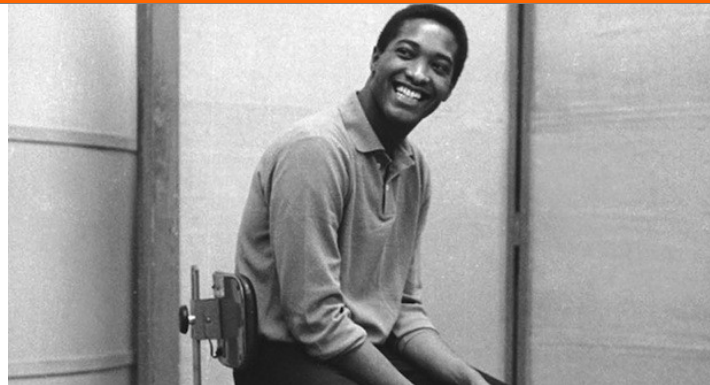


e sea?
be free?
doesn't see?

!'
"

Altho
Sam
that
dem
mov

tract, while
ous to note
ass anti-war
black civil rights



Sam Cooke

Sam Cooke's friend Bobby Womack, on hearing the song, exclaimed "It feels eerie⁶², it sounds like death!", and he was right. By the time 'A Change is Gonna Come' was released in 1964, Sam Cooke was already dead – shot in a motel in Los Angeles at the age of 33, and at the height of his career. The motel manager claimed that the singer had come into her apartment and attacked her, and that in self-defence she had shot him thirty times from short range. Not only was she acquitted of murder, but she also sued⁶³ Cooke's heirs for physical and emotional damages, and was awarded \$30,000.

62 Eerie = (adjective) spooky, scary in a supernatural or deathly way.

63 To sue (noun = lawsuit) = to take someone to court for a civil (not criminal) trial.

The doubts and controversy surrounding these events are unresolved. Cooke's close friend Etta James denounced that the injuries on his body bore no relation to the official account of events. According to the motel manager, there was no more than a short scuffle⁶⁴ when Cooke tried to take the gun off her. Yet Etta James said that Cooke had been brutally beaten, so much so that his head had almost been severed⁶⁵ from his shoulders. Sam Cooke's biographer has written that "There is not a single person [in the black community] who believes that Sam Cooke died as he is said to have died".

Some loose ends ne

The men charged w
The following year th
they confessed to th
woman at the centre
that the 14-year-old

The Emmett Till cas
Bryant's nephew – s
in the Panama Pape
It was widely reporte

In 1968, Martin Luth
strike of the city's sa
death:

*"You know, several y
I had written. And w
came up [and] I
stabbed¹²⁹ by this de*

*It came out in the Ne
would have died. We
mail that came in...
that letter, and I'll ne*

"Dear Dr. King,

I am a ninth-grade student at the White Plains High School...While it should not matter, I would like to mention that I'm a white girl. I read in the paper of your misfortune,

64 A scuffle = shorter and less violent than a fight: some pushing, wrestling...

65 To severe = to cut off, disconnect, break in two...

66 Refuse = as a noun it means 'rubbish'. Intonation on the first syllable. (As a verb, to turn down or say no to something – intonation on the second syllable.)

67 Demented = mad, crazy, insane.

The very next day he was shot dead at his motel, at the age of 39. Rosa Parks - now in Detroit - wept and hugged her mother when she heard the news of King's assassination. Needing comfort, they played a song over and over again to help them with their grief, a song which was "like medicine to the soul - It was as if Dr. King was speaking directly to me."

That song was '*A Change is Gonna Come*'.

Exercises

1) Fill in the gaps (a – i) with these words:

reluctance
denouncing
fate

red
ding

2) Fill in

- Barack Obama's victory was the logical outcome of the election.
- Etta James' song 'At Last' was a b)_____ of her love for soul music.
- Beyond the soul, she represents the logical outcome of the election.
- Emmet Till's case was a false. He was never covered to be innocent.
- Carolyn Foy's case was an acquittal whose US history.
- Rosa Parks' case was in her society.
- Martin Luther King believed 8._____.
- Bob Dylan's songs are his songs.
- Sam Cooke's songs were his i)_____, despite his death.
- Bobby Kennedy had a j)_____ that was a turning point in US history.

Practise your

other King:

profesornativogratis.com/martin-luther-kings-last-speech/
profesornativogratis.com/churchill_vs_king/

Canterbury: A Rose in the Garden of England

Kent, the south-easternmost county of the UK, is known as the “Garden of England”. Its most historical and most visited city is Canterbury (Kan-t’-brii), with a population of around 55,000 inhabitants. It has always been an important part of the history of England. Canterbury is the home of the famous

Buildings of Durovernum (not far from the city of Bath), a phrase more than four centuries in the city's history. The city's history is a story of its capital, the spiritual home of Archbishop of Canterbury, the start of the city's history by Jerusalem, the city's wealth and its history with the

Vatican for not granting permission to divorce Catherine of Aragon - dissolved the monasteries and turned the country to Protestantism.

For the last 500 years, the city of Canterbury has been a place of great importance.

in
p
th
T
a
sl
re
p

T
M
cl
o
A
a
n
ride away!

Why don't you find out more about Canterbury? Practise your English with this video and listening exercise at:

profesornativogratis.com/canterbury-past-and-present/

